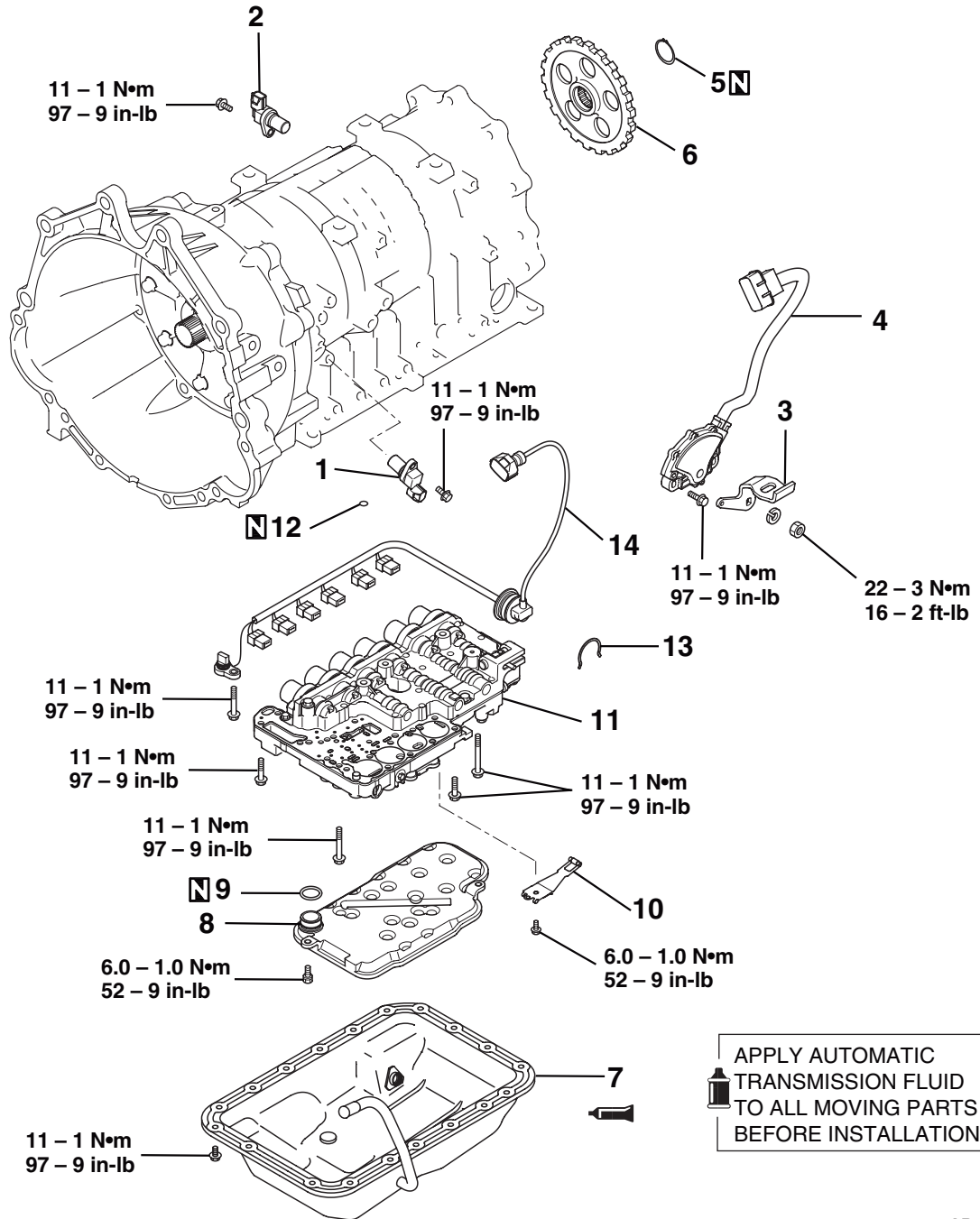


TRANSMISSION

DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

M1233008200192



AK501012AB

DISASSEMBLY STEPS

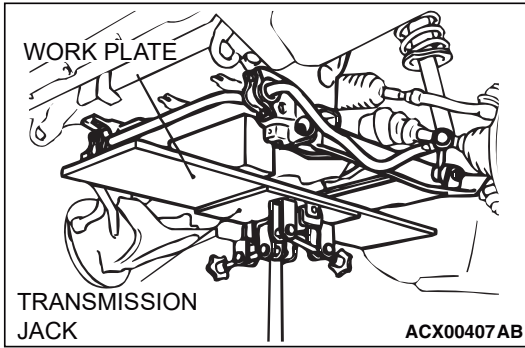
1. INPUT SHAFT SPEED SENSOR
2. OUTPUT SHAFT SPEED SENSOR
3. MANUAL CONTROL LEVER
4. PARK/NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH
5. SNAP RING
6. PARKING GEAR

DISASSEMBLY STEPS

7. OIL PAN
8. OIL FILTER
9. O-RING
10. DETENT SPRING
11. VALVE BODY
12. O-RING
13. SNAP RING
14. SOLENOID VALVE HARNESS

<> ENGINE MOUNT REMOVAL

1. Support the No.1 crossmember using the transmission jack.
2. Unscrew the No.1 crossmember mounting nut and then put down the No.1 crossmember to remove the engine mount.



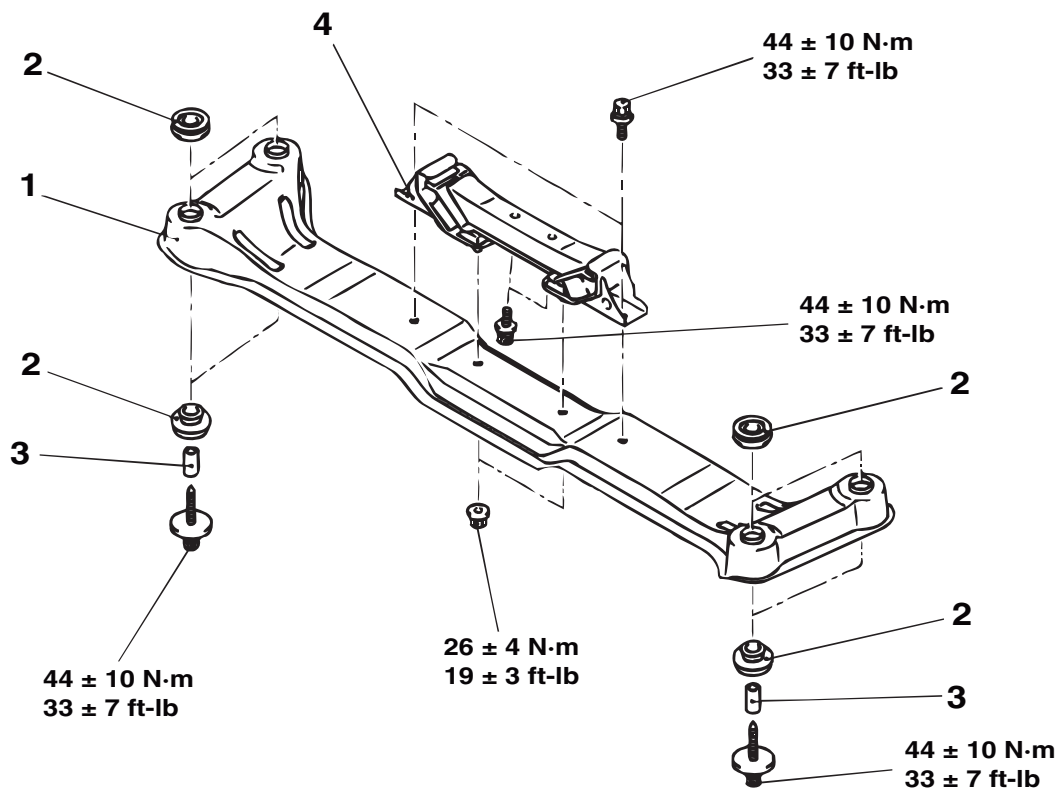
TRANSMISSION MOUNTING

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

M1321001400322

Pre-removal and Post-installation Operation

- Jack up the engine and transmission assembly until there is no weight on the engine mount bracket insulator.



ACX00408 AB

REMOVAL STEPS

1. TRANSMISSION MOUNT CENTER MEMBER ASSEMBLY
2. TRANSMISSION MOUNT BUSHINGS

REMOVAL STEPS (Continued)

3. COLLARS
4. TRANSMISSION MOUNT INSULATOR ASSEMBLY

6. Securely insert the dipstick.

NOTE: The transmission fluid should always be replaced under the following conditions:

- *When troubleshooting the transmission*
- *When overhauling the transmission*
- *When the transmission fluid is noticeably dirty or burnt (driving under severe conditions)*

TRANSMISSION FLUID CHANGE

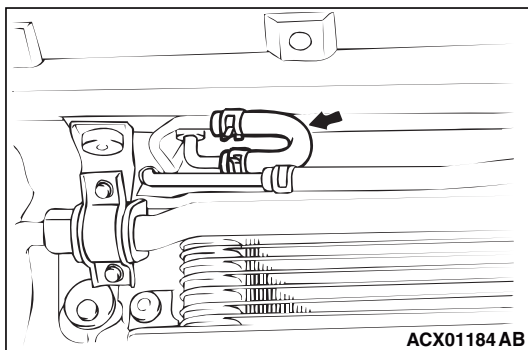
M1231104100019

Required Special Tool:

- MB991958: Scan Tool (MUT-III Sub Assembly)
 - MB991824: V.C.I.
 - MB991827: MUT-III USB Cable
 - MB991911: MUT-III Main Harness B

If you have an transmission fluid changer, use it to replace the transmission fluid. If you do not have an transmission fluid changer, replace the transmission fluid by the following procedure.

1. Disconnect the hose shown in the illustration which connects the transmission and the oil cooler (inside the radiator). Place a container under the hose to collect the discharge.



CAUTION

The engine should be stopped within one minute after it is started. If all the transmission fluid has drained out before then, the engine should be stopped at that point.

2. Start the engine and let the transmission fluid drain out.
(Running conditions: "N" range with engine idling)

Discharge volume: Approximately 4.0 dm³ (4.2 quarts)

3. Remove the drain plug from the bottom of the transmission case to drain the transmission fluid.

Discharge volume: Approximately 2.0 dm³ (2.1 quarts)

4. Install the drain plug with a new gasket, and tighten it to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: 39 ± 5 N·m (29 ± 3 ft-lb)

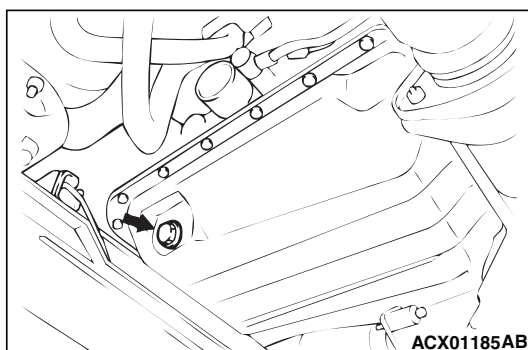
CAUTION

Stop pouring if the full volume of transmission fluid can not be added.

5. Add new transmission fluid (DIAMOND ATF SP III) through the oil filter tube.

Adding volume: Approximately 6.0 dm³ (6.3 quarts)

6. Repeat the procedure in Step 2. (to pump out the rest of the contaminated transmission fluid)

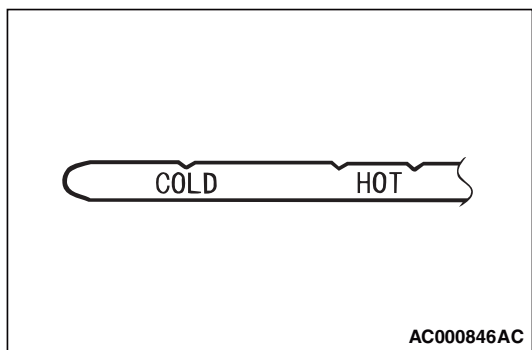
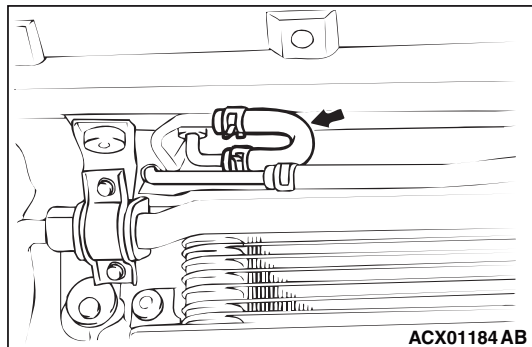


7. Add new transmission fluid (DIAMOND ATF SP III) through the oil filler tube.

Adding volume: Approximately 4.0 dm³ (4.2 quarts)

NOTE: Check for contamination or a burnt odor. If the transmission fluid is still contaminated or burnt, repeat Steps 6 and 7 before proceeding to Step 8.

8. Reconnect the hose which was disconnected in step 1 above, and firmly replace the dipstick.
9. Start the engine and run it at idle for one to two minutes.
10. Move the selector lever through all positions, and then move it to the "N" position.

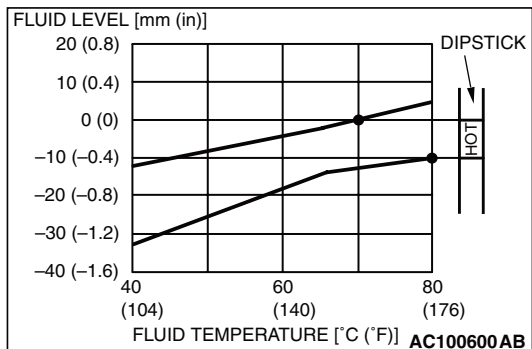


11. Check that the transmission fluid level is at the "COLD" mark on the dipstick. If the level is less than this, add transmission fluid.
12. Drive the vehicle until the transmission fluid temperature rises to the normal operating temperature [70 – 80°C (158 – 176°F)], and then check the transmission fluid level again. The transmission fluid level must be at the "HOT" mark.

NOTE: The transmission fluid temperature is measured with scan tool MB991958.

NOTE: The "COLD" level is for reference only; the "HOT" level should be regarded as the standard level.

NOTE: If it takes some amount of time until the transmission fluid reaches its normal operating temperature [70 – 80 °C (158 – 176 °F)], check the transmission fluid level by referring to the left diagram.



13. When the transmission fluid is less than the specified level, add transmission fluid.

When the transmission fluid is greater than the specified level, drain the excess fluid through the drain plug to adjust the transmission fluid to the specified level.

14. Firmly insert the dipstick into the oil filler tube.